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## SHOCK FOR MR. ATTLEE

(By Fraser Wighton)

London, Nov. 19. The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and his cabinet are understood to be disturbed at the results of last night's vote of confidence in the Government's foreign policy, which they were this afternoon in a position to analyse fully.

Although the voting figures of 353 to zero might appear satisfactory to the Government, in fact it is now clear that at least 100 members of Parliament expressed their sympathy with the "rebellion" by deliberately abstaining from voting.

The 353 votes in favour included 105 Conservatives, six Liberals and six Independents. Thus only about 230 out of 390 Labour members supported the Government in the vote of confidence.

Allowing for absences through illness or other engagements, the most modest estimates place the deliberate abstentions at above 100, or 40 more than the total of signatures to the official amendment.

The next step is likely to come with the meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party—consisting of all Labour members of Parliament—when the question is likely to be raised of reconstituting the party disciplinary system, suspended some time ago.

Those supporting Mr. Ernest Bevin's foreign policy are understood to be bitterly angry with the "rebels"—Reuters.

## BRITISH REDS' DEMANDS

London, Nov. 18. The Executive Committee of the British Communist party in a statement issued today, demands a "change in foreign policy, the withdrawal of British troops from the countries they have no business to be in, the speeding up of demobilization, and full support for the disarmament proposals put forward by the Soviet Union."

The statement adds the maintenance of armed forces of 1,000,000 12 months after the end of the war is not justified for any purpose for which the war was fought.—Reuters.

## SNEH IN ENGLAND

London, Nov. 18. Dr. Moshe Shenh, head of the Hagannah, Jewish underground defence movement in Palestine, arrived at a London airport from New York today.—Reuters.

## Major Operations On Greek Border

Athens, Nov. 19.

Greek Royal Air Force Spitfires are supporting ground troops in a "full-scale military operation against invading forces" at Archangelos, immediately south of the Yugoslav border, a Greek Third Army spokesman said yesterday.

Greek troops are fighting all along a seven mile front, he said. Fighter planes and rocket troops are reported to have joined battle with guerrilla bands making their third attack in five days on Archangelos, which is west of ravaged Skra.

Salonica dispatches in Athens newspapers quoted a communist source as saying that the attackers came from across the border and penetrated Greek defences for about a mile and a quarter. A relief column, which speeded to the village, inflicted heavy casualties on the band and left the battlefield littered with dead, the report said.

The Greek General Staff has submitted to Premier Constantine Tsaldaris details of all attacks near the border since October 1, or presentation to the United States and British Ambassadors at Greece.

Salonica, on Sunday, mourned 50 villagers of Skra reported killed by partisans.—Associated Press.

## Support From Abroad

Athens, Nov. 18. Mr. Tsaldaris today handed to the British and United

## CLEAN BREAK IN CHINA?

### Chou En-Lai Returns To Red Capital

### Chiang's Order To Commanders

Yenan, Nov. 15. Communist Party leaders say that the heads of all border region organizations have dispatched letters to Yenan urging the Communists to convene their own Assembly.

Important Communists say that they would gladly participate in the National Assembly if Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek called it in accordance with the procedure decided upon at the All Party Conference in Nanking in January.

They still stand pat on their demand that all troops return to the position of last January 13.

The Communists say that if the United States or some other power fails to bolster Chiang's dwindling war machine—sans oil or motive power—it will break down.

They are convinced that he will soon strike at Yenan in the hope that once it came into his hands, he could proclaim to the world that the Communists have been reduced to impotency.

Meanwhile, this incredible capital is becoming hourly a ghost city, stripped of hospitals, educational institutions, factories and anything that could hamper its defence or be of use to the invader.

Even if Yenan should fall, the Communists are confidently expecting in a few months to deliver an offensive of their own which will crush the Nationalist armies.

## Clean Break

The gravity of the situation in Yenan cannot be over-emphasized. The decision of General Chou En-lai to return from Nanking has underscored it. It virtually means a clean break.

Commenting on their refusal to participate in the newly convened National Assembly at Nanking, Chinese Communist spokesmen yesterday described the convention as a means of forcing through a constitution neither Democratic nor workable.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, they said, was facing a military dilemma and they had no intention of helping him out by sanctioning a constitution which they feel would only strengthen his power.

They said that Chiang had over-extended himself militarily, that his reserves are spent and his supplies running out.—Associated Press.

## Red Offensive

Nanking, Nov. 19. As China's "National Constitutional Assembly" proceeded with organization matters, the

Communists, who have boycotted the Assembly, have opened a strong military movement in Shantung, aimed at the provincial capital of Tsinan.

Chinese dispatches report that the Communist offensive started with a series of attacks against Government positions around Tsinan. Gunfire was plainly heard within the walls ported by the "Hsin Min Pao".

A spokesman said the city was strong enough to repel any attack. One Red force was reported by the "Hsin Min Pao" to have encircled Tsinan while a second column pushed toward Lichien, southwest of the city.

The paper also said that sizeable forces were massed in northern Kiangsu, preparatory to a counter-drive designed to recover territory won by Government forces.—Associated Press.

## Chiang's Order

Nanking, Nov. 11. The chief Communist negotiator, General Chou En-lai, left by plane this morning for Yenan, accompanied by Madame Chou En-lai and a dozen other Communist officials.

Meanwhile, the Chinese press reported that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek today called a meeting of top ranking Nationalist officers attending the Constitutional Assembly and instructed them to return to their operational areas.—Reuters.

## Mackensen Did A Service

Rome, Nov. 19.

The prosecution today quoted Colonel-General Eberhard von Mackensen as declaring he did the Italian people "a service" by selecting from persons already condemned to death the 355 Italians slaughtered at Rome's Ardeatine cave in a reprisal for the killing of 32 German SS troops.

Von Mackensen, former German 14th Army Commander, and Lieut-General Kurt Mellitzer, who commanded the Rome garrison, were brought to trial before the British War Crimes Tribunal on charges of directing the executions. Both pleaded innocent.

SS Lieut-Colonel Herbert Kappler, who carried out the executions, testified for the prosecution that only 12 "at the most" of the hostages put to death had been condemned previously to capital punishment.

The prosecution in its opening statement said that only four had been condemned to death.—Associated Press.

## Hamburg, Nov. 19.

A sub-committee of the Allied Control Council is discussing the possibility of replacing the words "German Reich" in the German penal code by some other form of words.—Reuters.

## ON OTHER PAGES

Page Two: Yamauchi, Manslaughter Case Opens.

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Page Four: Jap. General Testifies at War Crimes.

Page Five: Chinese Views on Self-Government for Colony.

Page Six: Common Vote of Confidence in Bevin.

Page Eight: Home and Local Sport.

## SHIP ABLAZE OFF LUZON

New York, Nov. 19.

The Red's Marine Corporation intercepted a distress message from the Liberty ship *Haitian* today reporting it was after and needing help off Luzon in the Philippines. The vessel is of Chinese registry and formerly was the *James I. McKay*.—Associated Press.

## Portugal Giving Up Extraterritorial Rights

Nanking, Nov. 19.

Negotiations are going on between the Chinese and Portuguese Governments to arrange for the relinquishment of Portugal's extraterritorial rights in China, a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

Portugal, which is the last of some 11 countries still possessing these rights in China, controls territory at Macao.

Britain and the United States announced jointly in October, 1942 the relinquishment of extraterritorial rights and privileges previously enjoyed by their nationals in China.—Reuters.

## ZHUKOV OUSTED

Moscow, Nov. 18.

Marshal Koniev has succeeded Marshal Zhukov as Commander-in-Chief of Russia's ground forces.

The change is made known in a report on the graduation exercises at Frunze Military Academy, Moscow, which is Russia's leading military school.

Marshal Koniev commanded the Second Ukrainian Infantry during the war.—Reuters.

## Mr. Attlee Reveals The Inside Story Of Invasion

London, Nov. 19.

The first inside story of Hitler's plans for the invasion of England in 1940 was given last night by the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, who disclosed that on Sept. 7 of that year, the British Chiefs-of-Staff, believing the possibility of invasion to be "imminent," ordered "action stations."

## More Loot For Allies

Washington, Nov. 18.

Liquidation of Germany's assets in neutral countries probably will yield about \$450,000,000 for 18 Allied nations, U.S. Government officials estimate.

Around \$250,000,000 will go to the United States and Britain—each entitled to 23 per cent of all funds realized because of the Paris Reparations Agreement.

Officials said they expect agreements with Spain and Portugal soon to add to the total at present accumulating from previous accords with Switzerland and Sweden.

Russia will not share in the proceeds since at Potsdam she relinquished all claims to properties in return for the title to German assets in Rumania, Hungary and Bulgaria.

Under the agreements with Switzerland and Sweden, the Allied countries hope to realize about \$300,000,000—all but \$55,000,000 of which is from Switzerland, which was one of the favorite hideouts for Nazi wealth.

Officials said the next big problem will be to decide what

## More Palestine Killings

Jerusalem, Nov. 19.

A Jewish detective was shot to death in the Tel-Aviv port area today. The police blamed a "Jewish terrorist mob" for the killing, which was the latest of more than a score in Palestine this month.

Gunfire from a passing car felled the detective as he walked up to a bus zone. A stray bullet wounded a nearby civilian slightly.

Nine persons suffered injuries requiring hospitalization in the Tel-Aviv area last night as a result of what the authorities termed "repetitive raids" by police and soldiers in the all-Jewish city.

A new note was injected into the troubled situation in Palestine by a warning from Hagana last night that it would take "any means at our disposal" to halt acts of violence by other Jewish underground groups.

The warning was contained in a broadcast from the Hagana secret radio station, the "Voice of Israel," and directed at the so-called Stern gang and the Irgun Zvai Leumi, which has boasted only of dynamiting trains and other acts of violence.

Hagana threatened strong measures. It said: "The time for persuasion is now over." The broadcast also charged the British with "unfair retaliation against innocent Jews for extremist violence."—Associated Press.

## R. E. Officer Injured

Jerusalem, Nov. 19.

A British Royal Engineers' officer was injured when dismantling an unexploded mine at Ras El Ain, North Lydda, yesterday.

This brings the number of British police and soldiers killed or injured by terrorist action this month to 14.—Reuters.

## LOCAL CINEMAS THREATENED?

The blackmailing letter racket has now extended to cinemas, according to Chinese press-reports yesterday, which stated that threatening letters had been received by two of the leading cinemas in the central district.

It is rumored that the letters demanded the payment of \$30,000 from each cinema.

## Jail Threat To John L. Lewis

Washington, Nov. 19.

A sweeping order placing John L. Lewis in danger of jail unless he cancels his signal for a strike of 400,000 softcoal miners was issued by a Federal Court today as thousands of miners walked out.

The restraining order directed Lewis to call off the notice of contract termination and ordered him to give not the slightest sign to his miners—32,000 of whom already are out—that the contract may be terminated now or later.

The order stays in force until Nov. 27 when the court will hear what Lewis and the Government have to say about the crucial dispute.

The Government meanwhile has ordered a 25 per cent cut in the passenger services of coal-burning railroads beginning on Sunday.

The railroads have only 30 days' coal supply on hand. It appears that this ruling, like the one freezing all bituminous coal supplies on Saturday, will remain in effect until the threat of a nationwide strike is definitely lifted.—Associated Press.

## CONSULATE SAFE CRACKED

Milan, Nov. 19.

Thieves broke into the Spanish Consulate in Genoa yesterday and "cracked" a strong steel safe. They removed a leather case stated to contain "important documents" and 600,000 lire. They did not touch the Spanish banknotes in the safe.—Reuters.

## MINE DISASTER OFF BORNEO

Batavia, Nov. 19.

Two of the crew were killed and 11 injured—three seriously—when the Dutch Navy's minesweeper *Walcheren* struck a mine near Balikpapan, oil port on Borneo's east coast, and sank, the Netherlands Navy information service announced today.—Reuters.

## PRINCE KILLED

Marseille, Nov. 19.

Military honours were rendered on the quays here yesterday as the coffin containing the body of Prince Nabil Hassan Tawfik, member of Egypt's Royal family, was put aboard the liner *Providence* to be taken to Alexandria. The Prince and a young jockey he had just engaged to ride his string of horses were killed in a motor accident on Friday.

Prince Sahin Tawfik, brother of the dead Prince, and his widow, accompanied the body aboard the *Providence*.—Associated Press.

## W. J. KESWICK AT LONDON DINNER

London, Nov. 19.

The Chinese Ambassador to Belgium, the head of the delegation and other members were present at a dinner given last night at the Savoy Hotel by the General Committee of the China Association to the Preparatory Committee of the International Trade and Employment Conference.

Mr. W. J. Keswick, Joint Chairman of the China Association, was in the chair.—Reuters.

## Mayerling Case's Strange Sequel

Vienna, Nov. 19.

The mystery of the Mayerling tragedy, in which 57 years ago the heir to the throne of the Austrian empire lost his life, is being debated again in Vienna today, following reports from Norway that the daughters of a Norwegian businessman claim that their father—who died recently—was really the Archduke Johann Salvator, who was closely connected with the tragedy.

Briefly, the story of Mayerling, which has formed the subject of a number of novels and at least one film, is this:

In January, 1889 Crown Prince Rudolf, only son of Kaiser Franz Josef, left Vienna ostensibly to spend a few days shooting at his hunting lodge at Mayerling, near Hellingen-Kruiz in Lower Austria. At the lodge Rudolf, who was married to Stephanie, daughter of King Leopold of Belgium, was joined by his mistress, the young and beautiful Baroness Marie Vetsera.

On Jan. 31, when his servant came into his room to wake him, he found Rudolf and Marie lying in a pool of blood. The Royal family took immediate steps to hush up the scandal. Baroness Marie was quietly buried in the church yard of Hellingenkrantz, and Rudolf's body was taken to Vienna.

To the rumors which were already circulating widely, it was announced that he had committed suicide while of unsound mind. After an exchange of telegrams with the Pope, the text of which has never become known, Kaiser Franz Josef obtained permission for a Christian burial of his son, although he was supposedly a suicide.

It has generally been supposed that the two lovers did in fact die as the result of a suicide note, but the whole situation is quite changed if the stories now coming from Norway are to be believed. The three daughters of the businessman Koehler, who died just over a year ago in the town of Christiansund, state that their father was Archduke Johann Salvator, and that they are in reality Archduchesses.

Documents Available. Ferdinand Rolvsag, who is married to one of the daughters and who is in possession of the documents in the case, says that they can prove the claim, and that they give a completely different account of the Mayerling tragedy from that generally accepted. All that is known in Vienna about Archduke Johann is that he disappeared mysteriously soon after the Mayerling affair, and that even at the time it was rumored that he knew more than he would tell.

According to the supposed documents, the story of Mayerling goes like this: The night before the tragedy Rudolf and his beautiful mistress were drinking heavily. They got into a fierce argument and Marie threw a champagne bottle with all her strength at Rudolf, hitting him on the head and cracking his skull.

Archduke Johann Salvator, who was Rudolf's cousin and one of his closest friends, and was present at the scene, drew a revolver and shot Marie. To prevent an even worse scandal than that which in fact ensued, he arranged things to look like a double suicide, and hurried off to Vienna, where he gave Kaiser Franz Josef a full report.

To prevent an even worse scandal than that which in fact ensued, he arranged things to look like a double suicide, and hurried off to Vienna, where he gave Kaiser Franz Josef a full report.

The daily food reports for the North Rhine have not been issued, but grain stocks were believed to be enough to last two days and shipments, sizes of which were not yet known, were said to be on their way.

An official at the British Zone food-headquarters said that news was expected today or tomorrow about diversions of grain shipments intended for the American Zone.—Reuters.

## ROUGH HOUSE IN RUMANIA

Bucharest, Nov. 18.

Government police, supporters and Opposition Party members engaged in a brief battle today in the heart of Bucharest during which an Associated Press photographer was manhandled while trying to take pictures.

Fighting started when Opposition Party followers, who had been attending a meeting at which the National Peasant leaders, Jullia Manu, was a speaker, paraded past the Government bloc headquarters in a situation.—Associated Press.

## THE WEATHER

The anticyclone over China and Japan has lost intensity. Pressure remains high over N. and E. China and over the Sea of Japan. A shallow depression has formed over E. China. The typhoon is moving into the Pacific about 800 miles SE. of Tokyo. Pressure remains relatively low to the NE. of Hokkaido and over the southern regions generally.

Today's forecast: Moderate on fresh east and northeast winds, fair, becoming cloudy later.

Yesterday's weather: Max.: 71.2 deg. F. Min.: 60.8 deg. F. Max. Rel. Humidity: 84%. Sunshine: 8.2 hours. Rainfall: Nil.







## RECOGNITION OF INDONESIA

Cairo, Nov. 18. A proposal to recognise the Indonesian Republic is on the agenda of the Arab League Council which opens here today. Other subjects down for consideration include a proposal to raise inter-Arab diplomatic representations to the status of embassies, and a draft inter-Arab aviation treaty.—Reuter.

## POST OFFICE NOTICES

## Outward Mails

Postage rate (by sea only) for Christmas Cards in open covers bearing not more than five written words is five cents.

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 20

Airmail for Canton and Shanghai (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m.

Shanghai (Rajule) 10 a.m.

Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Fook Cheung) 11 a.m.

Swatow and Bangkok (Hermelin) Noon.

Airmail for Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Delhi, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) 1.30 p.m. (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.

Airmail for Bangkok, Rangoon, Calcutta, Karachi, Basra, Cairo, Johannesburg, Augusta, Marseilles, London, New York and Canada (B.O.A.C. Plane) (Special Flight) 1.30 p.m. (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.

Airmail for Kowloon C.P.O. (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

U.S.A., Central and South America via San Francisco (Japlin Victory) (Kowloon C.P.O.) (Par.) 1 p.m. (Reg.) 1 p.m. (Ord.) 1.30 p.m. (G.P.O.) (Par.) 1.30 p.m. (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.

Amoy & Swatow (Van Heuts) 3 p.m.

Ceylon, India, E. & S. Africa (Norel) 3 p.m.

Kongmoon (Kwan Lu) 3 p.m.

Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Sai) 4 p.m.

Canton (Kwong Tung) 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, NOV. 21

Swatow & Bangkok (Proper) 10 a.m.

Formosa (Empire Labrador) 10 a.m.

Saigon (Sontay) 10 a.m.

Shanghai (Wing Sang) Noon.

Amoy and Swatow (Anhui) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Canton, Amoy, Fochow and Shanghai (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tsingtau and Peiping (C.A.T.C. Plane) (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Tamkang (Kwongchowwan) (Tolsan) 4 p.m.

Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Sai) 4 p.m.

Kongmoon (Fook Hoi) 4 p.m.

Canton (By Train) 4 p.m.

FRIDAY, NOV. 22

Formosa (Toy Yue) 10 a.m.

Haiphong (Do Huu Vi) 10 a.m.

Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Fook Cheung) 11 a.m.

Shanghai (Hunan) 2 p.m.

Airmail for Singapore, Colombo, Delhi, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.

Airmail for Bangkok, Rangoon, Calcutta, Karachi, Basra, Cairo, Johannesburg, Augusta, Marseilles, London, New York & Canada (B.O.A.C. Plane) (Kowloon C.P.O.) (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 2.30 p.m. (G.P.O.) (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

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## JAP. GENERAL TESTIFIES AT "LISBON MARU" TRIAL

In the course of his testimony at yesterday's War Crimes Trial of Kyoda Shigeru, master of the "Lisbon Maru," Major Ando said that in the Japanese Army and Navy, an order is understood to be an order from the Emperor.

Lieut. General Higuchi, another defence witness, claimed that Japan did not ratify the Geneva Convention and said that if this Convention had been followed strictly, there would have been no cases of ill-treatment of POWs.

Further cross-examined, Major Ando said that certain specific duties of an O.C. Troops in transit were laid down in Japanese Operational Field Service Regulations. The duties of a master of a ship were not specifically set forth but were specified indirectly.

The Navy and Army were two different organisations and when a Naval Officer was included in an Army transport, it was necessary to set forth the duties of this Officer clearly in order that there should be no disagreement. It was for this reason that the duties of a Naval Officer were specified in Field Service Regulations.

The master of a ship could not give any orders to military personnel on board his ship. In peace time, when the master is in full control of his ship, he can give orders to civilian passengers on board.

**Bound To Obey**  
Although the master of a ship requisitioned by the Army was given an honorary rank, he was nevertheless still bound to obey the orders of even a subordinate military officer. The honorary rank was only given him for the purposes of pay, pension and rations.

Witness admitted that a man had the right to resist an order, the carrying out of which might cause suffering to others. An order given in the scope of a superior's authority must be obeyed, but if an order was given outside the authority of a superior, it was not necessary to obey such an order.

Quoting a hypothetical case of a Sergeant Major in charge of a body of troops moving from one place to another giving an order to a Sergeant to kill a harmless old woman sitting peacefully by the roadside, witness said that such an order should not be obeyed as it was obviously a private order of the Sergeant Major.

**Safety Of Life**  
Witness had heard about the International Convention for safety of life at sea and believed that Japan had subscribed to the Convention. This Convention covered the transportation of troops during peace time. In war time, circumstances were different. When international regulations conflicted with internal regulations, it was the practice in Japan to follow the provisions of the latter.

Replying to the President, witness said that there were certain regulations which laid down in detail the relations between O.C. Troops in transit and the master of a ship. It was also laid down in regulations that the master and crew of a ship requisitioned by the Army became civilians attached to the Army.

Witness agreed that under international rules of war, a POW would not be killed unless he was attempting to escape or attacked those guarding him.

**Duty To Obey**  
Witness did not know what orders had been issued to Wada and Sugiyama, but thought it extremely unlikely that the Japanese military authorities issued orders that they should kill POWs on board the "Lisbon Maru." He said that if the carrying out of an order, which would cause suffering to others, was absolutely necessary, it was one's duty to obey such an order.

Ando said that he felt that the master of the "Lisbon Maru" was right in feeling that he was responsible for not having followed a zig-zag course in accordance

## Filipino Complaints

Manila, Nov. 18.

A report by Representative R. Magasaysay has been published supporting Filipino charges of man-handling by United States Marine guards at the Atolonaop Naval base, but stating that "these were isolated cases, not following any set pattern."

Magasaysay said that he had found three Filipino civilians who said they were handled roughly by the Marines but who admitted that they had not brought their complaints to the attention of the American authorities.

He said there also were some instances of the holding of arrested persons without charge and some bullying by MPs, but that "these were exceptions and not the rule."

He stressed American "readiness to correct abuses when facts are brought to the Commandant's attention."—Associated Press.

But followed it strictly, cases of ill-treatment of POWs would not have happened. The Proclamations of the Japanese Government stated that it was not absolutely necessary to follow the Geneva Convention, but only in keeping the POWs together in the hold, it was not necessary to cause them any suffering, but to prevent any attempt at escaping. The order was given by Wada in the course of his duty and in obedience to an order of the Emperor.

Hearing was then adjourned till 10 a.m. today.

**A Civilian**  
The master of a ship requisitioned by the Army would become a civilian attached to the Army. Army personnel could give orders to civilians attached to the Army. Obedience to orders is made clear to a civilian when he takes the oath on becoming a civilian attached to the Army.

If the O.C. Troops in transit was to order the master of a ship to have the hatches battened down, the master would have to obey.

Cross-examined, witness said that an O.C. Troops in transit was justified in heeding the advice of the master so long as it did not interfere with his duties. When the whereabouts of an O.C. Troops in transit was one of extreme urgency, the master of a ship could, on his own authority, lower life boats. It was a general principle in the Army that in an emergency and where time was short, anyone could give orders which would result in the saving of lives.

**Treatment of P.O.W.s**  
Witness was aware that under the Geneva Convention, ill-treatment of POWs was forbidden. He agreed that when being taken from one place to another, the same precautions should be taken in respect of POWs as would be taken in respect of Japanese troops. Witness claimed that the Japanese Government did not ratify the Geneva Convention concerning POWs, but made certain Proclamations that POWs should be treated in accordance with that Convention.

Witness did not agree that POWs should be given the same facilities as Japanese troops. It was, he said, necessary to guard them to prevent their escaping. He said that there was an article in the Convention which stipulated that POWs could be tied up.

Witness felt that if the Japanese Government did not make any Proclamations about the Conven-

tion, but followed it strictly, cases of ill-treatment of POWs would not have happened. The Proclamations of the Japanese Government stated that it was not absolutely necessary to follow the Geneva Convention, but only in keeping the POWs together in the hold, it was not necessary to cause them any suffering, but to prevent any attempt at escaping. The order was given by Wada in the course of his duty and in obedience to an order of the Emperor.

Hearing was then adjourned till 10 a.m. today.

**Vast Improvement**  
The school had improved vastly since the days of the older generation, and this applied not only to the lot of the

teacher, but also to that of the children. Instead of shunning school boys now liked school. This remarkable change had been brought about by a better understanding among teachers and pupils. No longer was a boy treated as a member of his class but as an individual. His individual characteristics were taken into consideration. There had also been a better selection of teachers and today the teacher was imbued with a sense of humour and able to instil that sense of humour into his pupils. Only in this way could the best results be obtained.

The speaker warned against the danger of over-specialisation which tended towards a lop-sided education. And here Mr. Rowell gave some humorous anecdotes to the specialists as the object of his jokes. Students, he said, should receive an all round education. Concluding, Mr. Rowell said that the teaching profession was still the greatest sufferer from advice from all sorts and classes of people, many of whom, though imbued with the best of intention, knew little or nothing about education. A new Rotarian was inducted yesterday. He was Mr. A.D.S. Anderson.

Visiting Rotarians were Tugent Chao from Peiping and H.A. Rianjanan from Siam. His Honor Sir Henry Blackall, honorary member, was present. Guests at the luncheon were Messrs. J. Modie, H.G.W. Woodhead, A.R. Wilson, C.J. Waddell, G. Fowles, S.L. Lo, Ning Hua Chow, Chiu Yan-tsz and Prof. Louis K. Lu.

## Malaya Buys From Australia

Singapore, Nov. 18.

Malaya was Australia's third best customer during August when Australian exports to the colony were worth 1,932,000, or more than 18 times their value in August, 1938.

Nevertheless, the Chinese-language daily, "Sin Chew Jit Poh," predicted that Australian goods will lose their position in the market with the coming of British and American goods which are said to be cheaper and better.

The paper considers that Australia's advantage lay chiefly in her geographical proximity together with greater availability of goods and shipping. When the colony's shops were empty during the earlier months this year importers plunged heavily in favour of Australian goods hoping to make large and rapid profits. There are now 30,000 tons of unclaimed imports in the Singapore Harbour Board godown bought by speculative importers, who have since gone out of business.

—Reuter.

## JET'S SPEED

London, Nov. 19.

Britain's jet aircraft, a converted Lancaster bomber powered with two Nene jet engines and two Merlin piston engines operating propellers, was flown from London to Paris in 59 minutes yesterday, the Ministry of Supply announced.

The average speed, the Ministry said, was 244 miles per hour. The plane, which carried 13 passengers and a crew of five, was underpowered fuel tests for possible use on commercial passenger routes.—Associated Press.

Another Labour member, Mr. R. Chamberlain, said that great numbers of people other than Roman Catholics were gravely concerned.—Reuter.

**GOVERNMENT OF HONG KONG**  
**POLICE DEPARTMENT**  
**ORDINANCE 12 OF 1939**  
**REGISTRATION OF PERSONS**

The attention of the public, other than those who are British Subjects or of Chinese RACE, is drawn to the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance No. 12 of 1939.

Under this Ordinance, every alien, other than an alien of Chinese RACE, who arrives in the Colony of Hong Kong or who changes his ordinary residential or business address, or who is about to leave the Colony, shall report the fact in person or in writing for registration at the Registration Office of Persons Office, Police Headquarters, within forty-eight hours after each such arrival or within one week before every such change of address or of intended departure, as the case may be.

All aliens (other than those of Chinese RACE) and other than those persons exempted from the provisions of Section 2 of the above Ordinance under subsections (4) or (5) of Section 2, who are now residing in the Colony and who have not reported themselves to the Registration Office, should do so immediately.

The Registration of Persons Office is situated at Police Headquarters, New Oriental Building, Connaught Road, Hong Kong.

W. Le B. SPARROW.  
Hongkong, 15th Nov., 1946.

**FACE CONFIDENCE**  
The above mentioned articles will be open for inspection at their respective Godowns on 19th and 20 November, 1946, between 10.00 a.m. and noon, and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m. Inspection Permits will be issued by the Undersigned at their Auction Rooms.

The Auction is subject to the Conditions of Sale published in the Hong Kong (British Military Administration) Gazette Notification No. 22.

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## No Business Of Ours

London, Nov. 18.

The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Christopher Mayhew, told the House of Commons today in reply to a question, that the Government had no legal grounds for making official representations to Yugoslavia about the imprisonment of Archbishop Stepinac of Zagreb.

He added, that the Government, having considered the matter fully, found it impossible to dispute the contention of the Yugoslav Government that the trial and sentence on a Yugoslav citizen was entirely a domestic matter.

The Minister was replying to a question from Independent member, Mr. Daniel Lipson, who referred to the petition sent to the Foreign Secretary on behalf of a large number of Roman Catholics, asking for steps to be taken to secure the release of Archbishop Stepinac.

Mr. Lipson suggested that unofficial friendly representations might be made to the Yugoslav Government. Mr. Mayhew said that his answer did not necessarily mean no further action would be taken but official representations might well do more than good to the archbishop.

Labour member, Mr. Tom Brown, then asked the Minister whether he was aware that "there was grave disquiet throughout the country with this trial and its results." Replying, Mr. Mayhew said that a number of petitions had already been delivered to him and they were sufficiently large to make him aware of this disquiet.

Another Labour member, Mr. R. Chamberlain, said that great numbers of people other than Roman Catholics were gravely concerned.—Reuter.

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# BEVIN GETS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

## Labour Rebels Make Poor Showing

London, Nov. 19.

The House of Commons unanimously gave the foreign policy of the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, a vote of confidence last night. The vote was 353 to 0 against an amendment by 58 Labour Members of Parliament urging that the Labour Government's foreign policy steer a middle course between Russia and the United States.

Nearly all the "rebels, however, had announced in advance that they would not vote against the Government and most of them said they would abstain from voting."

Earlier, the Prime Minister Mr. C. R. Attlee, facing a hostile faction of his own Party, denied that Britain was "ganging up" with the United States against Russia.

The 58 Labour rebel spokesmen had charged that an Anglo-American alliance, as urged by Mr. Winston Churchill in his Fulton speech, was a reality and was splitting the world into Russian and American blocs.

### Misconceived

"I think this motion is misconceived of the facts," the Prime Minister said of the insurgent amendment, calling for a revision of Mr. Bevin's policy along "independent" Socialist lines.

"This Government," said Mr. Attlee firmly, "does not believe in the formation of groups or opposing groups of the East, West or centre. We stand for the United Nations."

Previously, the leader of the Labour Party "revolt," Mr. R. H. S. Crossman, had called for a reply to three questions:

1. Would the Government disavow the proposals for an Anglo-American alliance outlined in Mr. Churchill's Fulton speech?
2. Had the Government agreed to standardisation of arms and equipment between Britain and

America and would part of Britain's equipment be supplied from America?

### Conservative Support

3. Were staff conversations now going on between Britain and America?

Captain Harry Crookshank, Conservative, expressed his Party's full support of the Government's foreign policy and assailed the Labour "rebels" for bringing up their amendment while Mr. Bevin was in the midst of important negotiations in the United States.

### Differences

Explaining the motives for moving the amendment, Mr. Crossman contrasted the Government's Socialist domestic policy with its foreign policy which, he said, was obviously different.

At the General Election Labour candidates had supported a "central point" that if the Conservative Government were elected that Government in their view would drift into close association with the United States and would therefore render a division of the world into two ideological blocs—a danger to civilisation.

Labour had claimed that only a Labour Government would stop that drift and mediate between Russia and America and that only a Labour Government would want a continuing friendship with both Russia and America. He said the Government had drifted from that position.

The ideology of anti-Communism was equally dangerous to Democracy and Socialism as the ideology of Communism, he asserted. The only way to fight Communism and anti-Communism was to provide the people with something better than bleak and blank alternatives of American free enterprise or Russian Communism—to offer to the rest of the world "that astonishing constructive experiment" which Britain was carrying out at home.

The world thought that Britain had lined up on the American side. That was the reason for widespread disappointment with the Labour Government—the disappointment of the people in Greece, Spain, France and all over the world who danced in the streets when the Labour Government came to power.

An Opposition member interjected here, "They don't today."

Mr. Crossman: "They don't today because in their view the Labour Government has given way to the views of the Opposition Front Bench."

**U.S. Treaty With China**  
He said that when Russia attempted to integrate the states of Eastern Europe into an economic system, Britain very properly protested and fought against it. But not a word had been said against the treaty between China and the United States signed a few days ago. Which, he said, brutally asserted the right of economic interference.

What happened when the United States brutally asserted that it was going to hold on to the bases won from the Japanese—United Nations or no United Nations? From Britain's silence in this matter he could only conclude that Britain was somewhat more closely affiliated at the moment to the United States than to the Soviet Government.

Mr. Crossman said he was told on relatively good authority in the United States that the most secret intelligence was still pooled between the United States and Britain.

Declaring that the main responsibility for the drift into ideological blocs was that of America and Russia, Mr. Crossman said that Mr. Roosevelt's death had brought with it the disintegration of all the progressive forces in America.

The Democratic Party had turned into a collection of vested interests and the Republican Party had formally announced that only free enterprise would work at home and abroad.

**A Prophecy**  
America must work out its own fate. There would eventually be a great slump, a second new deal, and America would work itself round to the way the world was now going, but it would be totally illusory to believe there was an economic basis for Anglo-American alliance.

The second main cause of the ideological drift had been the diplomatic offensive launched by the Russians against the British Empire, the net result of which had been to make America swing into line and begin her counter-squeeze.

It was a tragic mistake and there was a perpetual state of armistice with no peace, and tension between two worlds similar to that of the 1930s.

Mr. Crossman concluded by saying that he and his supporters were not forcing the vote. He realised the difficulties before the Government.

Mr. J. Reeves, a member of the National Executive of the Labour Party, seconded the amendment.

He said whoever brought the United States and Russia together in amity would render mankind a supreme service. He asked the Prime Minister to declare that Britain was not prepared to go to war with Russia under any circumstances. He said the forces of the Left were Britain's natural allies. Today they did not feel encouraged.

**Lord Hinchinbrooke**, (Cons.), said the fostering of international trade which was so essential to peace did not depend on re-casting British foreign policy in an ideological mould.

He hopes for an overwhelming vote against "this weak-kneed amendment."

Mr. G. P. Brown (Lab.) said as a trade unionist he was convinced British workers were wholeheartedly behind the Foreign Secretary.

Mr. Sydney Silverman, winding up for the Labour supporters of the amendment, said: "We do not propose to divide the House upon this amendment. He believed the Government was the best Britain had ever had."

Mr. Silverman said there had never been an occasion on which the great powers had differed among themselves on major

### CAIRO RIOTS

Cairo, Nov. 18.

Trams were set on fire and police were stoned in a riot 200 yards from the British GHQ in Cairo today, by students demanding the resignation of Ismail Sidki Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, with his Government.

The rioting was on a minor scale but further disturbances are feared tomorrow when the Chamber of Deputies is meeting.—Reuters.

policy in which Britain had not taken the side of the United States and the two had not taken a joint stand against the views of the weak.

"Is that because the USSR has always been wrong?" he asked.

### Premier's Reply

Answering the suggestion that the Government pursued a Socialist policy at home but not abroad, Mr. Attlee said: "In foreign affairs, however perfect our policy, it can only be carried out in conjunction with other nations."

"Compromise is the inevitable basis of international relations. In these matters it is not just a question of getting agreement with the United States and USSR, important as they are."

The Government agrees with the USSR in certain specific aspects. On certain points of world economic planning the British Government found the United States in agreement, though generally speaking they held a capitalist philosophy which the Government did not meet.

"In all these matters, remember you are not voting as a representative of an ideological obsession; you are representing the people of this country," Mr. Attlee said.

Referring to the fact that the foreign policy of his Government was at various points supported by members of the Opposition, Mr. Attlee said, "How could it be otherwise?"

Stressing that national policies were often dictated by the geographical situation, Mr. Attlee declared: "Geography is not altered by a General Election."

**Europe's Gratitude**  
Mr. Attlee said when Britain was trying to get Europe on its feet again it was natural that she should co-operate with the United States. Large areas of Russia were laid waste, but when help came from a country which could give it, it was called American imperialism.

He had no doubt the peoples of Eastern Europe were grateful for succour given by UNRRA for which the United States had supplied 72 per cent. of the funds and Britain £150,000,000.

The United States treaty with China was just an ordinary commercial treaty such as Britain and Russia made with other states.

Why should this be singled out as an example of American imperialism except to support misconceived theses? It was not a gross example of penetration to have a commercial treaty, Mr. Attlee added.

Saying why the Government did not answer Mr. Churchill's speech at Fulton, he declared: "That is not the business of the Government. Speeches made by individuals, however prominent, would keep us very busy if we had to answer them, and I should have to go through the speeches of the Leader of the Opposition with a hair comb because I usually find something in them with which I agree and something with which I disagree."

**Ill-timed Chatter**  
Captain Crookshank (Cons.) said the Opposition did not wish to intervene at length in the struggle within the Labour Party, but he said the only fair way of treating the Foreign Secretary was to have a vote. One would then know how many votes supported the mover of the amendment. He said this was a mutiny of the intellectuals of the Labour Party.

Captain Crookshank said that Mr. Bevin in New York should not have to look over his shoulder to see what support he was getting at home. From his conduct at least till now, in vital matters, Mr. Bevin had been the spokesman for Britain as a whole.

"Let the House, by its vote today, show to the world that this amendment merely represents the ill-timed chatter of a few dissident and disgruntled Socialists."

Mr. J. Nally (Lab.) said the average Briton believed the root of the present trouble lay in the fact that Soviet Russia did not play the game.

An overwhelming mass of the working people were behind the Foreign Secretary and the Labour Government.

### German Policy

Supporting the amendment Miss Jenny Lee (wife of Mr. Aneurin Bevan, the Minister of Health) said Britain was being badly "maligned" in various parts of the world and sneered at for running away from its Socialist convictions. There was a great deal wrong with the way de-Nazification was being carried out in Germany. The hard-faced businessmen of Germany who did well in the war could cushion themselves from hunger and cold. She asked why banking accounts were not frozen inside the British zone.

Why should the income of the rich be one of the few things sacred, Miss Lee asked. She also wanted to know why a capital levy had not been imposed. She said people who were in concentration camps because they were anti-Fascists were starving. "I support this amendment because I know in America there are free men and women who are worried about aspects of our foreign policy. The Americans are not as big fools as we imagine."

Referring to British collaboration with the American General Staff, Mr. Attlee said surely people realised that the British were still in occupation, jointly with America, of parts of Europe.

**Hardly Strange**  
Was it so very strange that Britain continued to collaborate with the American General Staff. He added, "It is not clear that during the war we integrated our armaments to a great extent and that if there is to be any standardisation it could be implemented under the security arrangements which we are endeavouring to make under the United Nations Organisation."

"Then I am asked: 'Why have you had a similar one with the USSR?' We should be very glad to have it. We have been trying hard to get it. In February last we appointed our representatives to try and get military committee on the Security Council going. We have invited again and again our friends of the USSR to come in. Unfortunately they are still considering the matter and have not been able to come. That is not our fault. We are trying to work under the UN organisation. Why should we be thought to be wrong if in the interim we have to make arrangements all over the world?"

**Tribute To Bevin**  
Mr. Attlee continued: "The Foreign Secretary is the exponent not of his own policy but of the policy of his Government and that is based on the principles which we proclaim and hold. In international conferences he has shown great skill and wonderful patience. He has been subjected to grossly unfair attacks on his policy and violent indictment and misrepresentation of this country. He has shown admirable restraint and I should not wish to do anything to make his task more difficult. I know how hard he is trying to get both our allies together."

As Mr. Attlee sat down, amid cheers, Mr. Crossman asked leave to withdraw the amendment. When this was put to the Speaker there were loud shouts of "No."

The vote was taken and the amendment defeated by 353 votes to none.—Reuters and Associated Press.

**Two Germans Shot**  
Jerusalem, Nov. 19.  
Two Germans were ambushed and shot yesterday as they were driving along the Walleh-Haifa road in a horse draw cart.

The police said that the men were accompanied by two women who were unharmed. There was no official identification of the attackers.

The city of Tel-Aviv was reported to be quiet after Sunday's mine explosion and subsequent sporadic shooting.

It was officially announced in Jerusalem yesterday that the casualty list since November 1 now included 13 British Army and police personnel and six Arab killed. Injured were 27 British Army and police, personnel, and three Arabs.—Associated Press.

**NO MORMONISM**  
Washington, Nov. 19.  
The Supreme Court in a six to three decision today held that plural marriages violate the Federal White Slave Act, which prohibits the transportation of women across State lines for "immoral purposes."

The Court thus upheld the conviction of six members of a Utah fundamentalist group.

## Senators Plan For Palestine

London, Nov. 18.

Senator Joseph Clark Baldwin, Republican member of Congress for New York, and one of the prime movers in the fight to obtain the United States loan for Britain, is to recommend to his Government the setting up of a free Palestine State, with its own army, composed of both Arabs and Jews.

Senator Baldwin, who is now in London studying the Palestinian question, said in an exclusive interview today: "I believe that Britain should relinquish her mandate and that under the United Nations a free Palestinian State should be created, which would be democratic and not a theocratic state, either Jewish or Arab, and which should include politically one and a quarter million Jews, largely from eastern Europe now in concentration camps and with no place to go."

"I am firmly convinced that in the solution of this question the United States Government should assume larger responsibility than it has up to the present, and I shall press my own Government for such action."

Senator Baldwin will see Mr. Ernest Attlee tomorrow and will also have interviews with Mr. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, and various Members of Parliament interested in the Palestine question.—Reuters.

**SELF-GOVERNMENT IN H.K.: CHINESE VIEWS**  
(Continued from Page 4)

Another group suggests that the English and Chinese languages be used in Council and that minutes be kept in both languages.

A plea is put forward by the Women's Club that seats be allotted to women as well on the proposed Council. This Club is also opposed to the rate-paying qualification for Councilors and Voters.

In order to obviate the possibility of abuses such as have been experienced in other parts of the Far East, one group proposes that the election be held on one day. It is felt that the local Police Force is fully capable of coping with any intimidation or interference at voting booths.

**Trial Period**  
In view of the fact that self-Government is an innovation to the people of Hong Kong, it is suggested that a trial period of six years be considered in order that any shortcomings arising might be taken into account before a permanent constitution is drawn up.

In some circles, it is suggested that many people might find it embarrassing to be called upon to state their nationality. To overcome this difficulty, it is recommended that a common electorate be chosen.

A number of writers make reference to the contention that, in the new constitution, more posts should be thrown open to the locally born, particularly in respect to positions now held by foreign civil servants.

Finally, it is argued that it is untrue to say that the local population is more interested in securing Government posts than in assuming responsibilities for public service. It is pointed out that the local population has been given many opportunities to act as responsible citizens. It is urged that given the opportunity, the locally born will achieve marked success, if not distinction.

**High Principles**  
The speech of the new Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Creech Jones, published in the "China Mail" on Oct. 19, was reproduced in the Chinese Press, and was very well received, particularly the following portion:

"We want no race discrimination or social barrier, no colour bars, and no social injustice, no economic or political privileges, but free co-operation of all people in building up a good and free life and responsibility. There were however many who expressed doubt whether these high principles could actually be put into practice, particularly in a place like Hong Kong."

When practiced plural marriages, the cult members contend that they were obeying God when they took additional wives.—Associated Press.



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# BIG ADVANCE ACHIEVED Hopes Of Final Agreement Over Indonesia To Be Ratified In Holland

(By Reuters Diplomatic Correspondent)

London, Nov. 18.  
 A big advance on any of the earlier negotiations between Holland and Indonesia is considered by London observers to have been achieved by the draft agreement reached in Batavia last Friday, whose terms were published today.

This is the first time since negotiations between the two parties started early this year that it has been possible to commit to paper any formula for an agreement which representatives of both parties have been willing to initial.

The new agreement cuts down the transition period in which Indonesia's new status would become effective to some two years as compared with ten to twenty years envisaged in the Dutch proposals of last spring. It has also evolved the most promising formula yet devised to meet the hitherto insoluble problem of relationship between the Dutch Crown and the Republic of Indonesia.

Well-informed observers in London are, however, still cautious about forecasting ultimate success of the agreement which now has to be referred back to The Hague. The proposals worked out in Batavia by the Dutch Commission-General, led by former Socialist Premier Professor Willem Schermerhorn, have to be endorsed by the Dutch Government and by the Dutch Parliament. There are indications that a certain amount of opposition will come from the Catholic People's Party. Until the reaction of the Dutch Government and Parliament has become clear, it is too early to assume that the Indonesian question is definitely settled.

Even if the draft agreement is approved in its present form, there are two further critical stages before the prospective Dutch-Indonesian Union becomes a going concern. The constitution of the United States of Indonesia, comprising the Republic of Indonesia (Java, Madura and Sumatra), Borneo and the Great East has to be worked out by the constituent assembly and the statute of the Union between this federation and Holland has to be prepared.

Since the Batavia negotiators plan to leave control of foreign policy, defence and to some extent finance and economic matters in the hands of the Dutch-Indonesian Union, its constitution remains a critical issue. For on the constitution of this body depends the question of whether in the last resort The Hague or Batavia will control the main functions of the government of all territories owing allegiance to the Dutch Crown.—Reuter.

Jerusalem, Nov. 19.  
 A British soldier was slightly injured when an armoured rail car was derailed by the explosion of a mine near Rehoboth, south-east of Tel Aviv yesterday.—Associated Press.

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## CASUALTIES

London, Nov. 18.  
 The Prime Minister, Mr. C. R. Attlee, reported in the Commons yesterday that 5,946 persons had been killed and 14,650 wounded in communal disturbances in India since June 22.  
 His figures did not include those killed in Bihar, in the present month, and those in Tippee and Noidah in October.—Associated Press.

## New Note To Rumania

London, Nov. 18.  
 The British Government has presented a second note to the Rumanian Government concerning the conduct of the Rumanian elections and in reply to the Rumanian Government's note of November 7.  
 The note, which was presented to the Rumanian Government on November 16 by the British Political Adviser in Bucharest, said the British Government regarded an "irrelevant and baseless" argument advanced by the Rumanian Government should not express their views concerning the Rumanian electoral arrangements on the ground that the Moscow Agreement was a tripartite arrangement and that any representations based on that agreement should be made jointly by the three Governments concerned and not by one, or even two, of the parties concerned acting alone.

The statement continues: "The British Government notes that the Rumanian Government state that they can prove that the electoral campaign is developing without hindrance. Information at the British Government's disposal unfortunately leads them to doubt the correctness of this statement and to question whether freedom of the press and of speech and the right of association guaranteed by the Rumanian Government's declaration of January 8 last are yet fully enjoyed in Rumania.—Reuter."

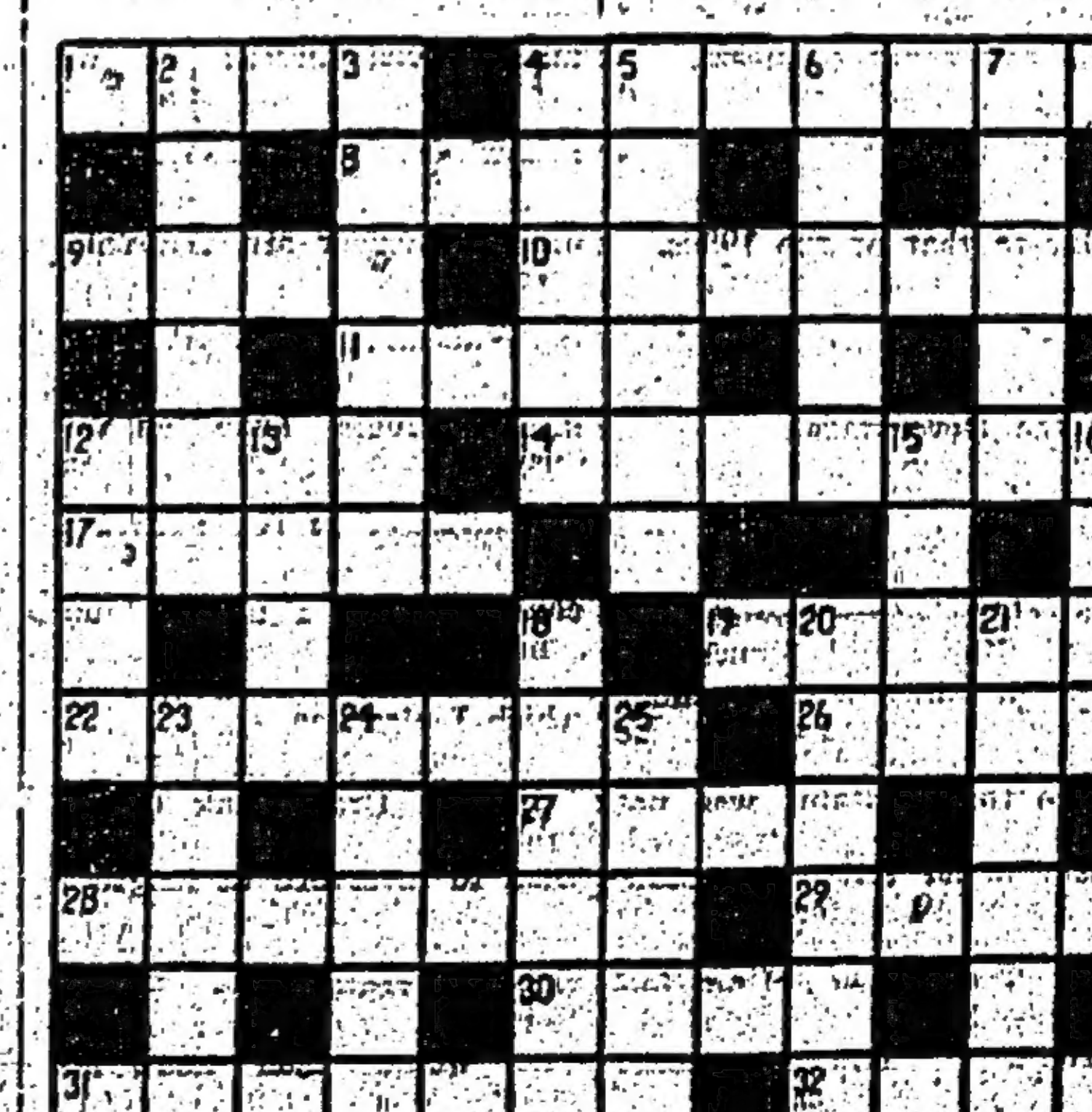
## BELGIAN BORDER CLAIM

Brussels, Nov. 19.  
 Belgium's claims on Germany will be made public shortly, a reliable source close to the Foreign Office said yesterday.

The Brussels Catholic newspaper "La Libre Belgique" asks for a straightening out of the Belgio-German border, which would bring into Belgian territory "such towns as Montjoie and Scheidten, as well as the Urft Dams."

According to another source, Belgium will ask for "a straightening out of her frontier which would put an end to the present oddities of the border."—Associated Press.

## A BRITISH CROSS WORD PUZZLE



### Clues Across

1. Performs.
4. Teach.
6. Arja.
8. Chrysalis.
10. Coal vessel.
11. Adhesive substance.
12. Merriment.
14. Competitor.
17. Loans.
19. Criminal.
22. Ne'er-do-well.
24. Despatched.
26. Short and sharp.
28. Deceiver.
30. Midget.
31. Showed contempt.
33. Fashion.

### Clues Down

2. Pair.
3. Put on, as a suit.
5. Show.
7. Follow after.
9. Respectable.
13. Provide for.
15. Claw.
16. Warmth.
18. Objects.
20. Clever.
21. Hue.
23. Suit.
25. Value highly.
27. Forward.
29. Protective garment.
32. Kind of string.
34. Sensational.

### Yesterday's Crossword

- ACROSS:—1. Smiles; 5. Cause; 8. Regal; 9. Repeat; 10. Lively; 11. Style; 12. Nero; 13. Onset; 18. Bemuse; 19. Adore; 20. Ruler; 22. Dale; 23. Feast; 25. Steady; 26. Urtnae; 27. Chien; 28. Froon; 29. Einbera.

## Churchill On Roosevelt

London, Nov. 18.  
 Mr. Winston Churchill, speaking at his home in Westminster, Kent, tonight, in support of an appeal for a Franklin D. Roosevelt memorial which is to be erected in a London square, said: "The House of Commons would gladly have voted all the money needed, but it was thought better that it should be made up of small subscriptions so that large numbers of people should have the chance to have their share."

"I imagine that this plan is what President Roosevelt himself would have liked most. Grosvenor Square, which has been selected for the site, was the centre of the most important American activities during the war."

"In the great Republic across the Atlantic, the head of State is also the head of the party engaged in all controversies of party politics, but over here in Great Britain we only knew President Roosevelt as a world statesman who was a friend in need and a friend indeed to our country and to the cause of freedom and civilisation."

"For more than five years I worked with him in true comradeship. We sent each other nearly 1,000 long telegrams and so kept that commanding unity of purpose and policy. I conceived an admiration for President Roosevelt as a statesman and a man of affairs. I felt the utmost confidence in his upright and inspiring character."

"There ripened in my breast as the years rolled by a personal regard and affection for him which will swell and remain with me as the years pass."—Reuter.

## Mr. Jinnah's Silence

New Delhi, Nov. 19.  
 India's Central Assembly yesterday passed a demand for nearly 1,400,000 rupees for expense for India's constitution-making Assembly due to convene on December 9.

The measure was passed just before the Assembly ended its autumn session.

Meanwhile, there is continued speculation whether the constitutional Assembly actually will meet on December 9, as the Moslem League has not yet revoked a Bombay resolution imposing a boycott on the constitution-making body and the Moslem League leader, Mr. Jinnah, has consistently declined to say anything about it.—Associated Press.

which would put an end to the present oddities of the border."—Associated Press.

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# China's New Barriers To Foreign Trade

(From Our Own Correspondent)

## N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Nov. 19. The stock market generally continued downward with Wall Street pessimism blamed mainly on the threat to industry of the possible nationwide coal strike.

Comforting to the technical forces, however, was the exceptional timidity of liquidation. Stumblers included Dow Chemical, Santa Fe, Norfolk and Western.

Among the modest gainers were Phelps Dodge and Air Reduction. Transfers were around 800,000—among the smallest for a full session in several months.

The Dow Jones Averages: Stocks 61.25; 20 Industrials 167.01; 15 Rails 48.50; 10 Utilities 35.03.

Closing quotations:  
Adams Express 15 1/2, Alaska Juneau 6, American Can 47 1/2, American Smelting 49 1/2, American Telephone 16 3/4, American Tobacco 8 1/2, American Waterworks 15 1/2, Anaconda Copper 39, Aviation Corporation 6 1/2, Baldwin Locomotive 19 1/2, Barnsdall 23, Bendix Aviation 30 1/2, Bethlehem Steel 89 1/2, Boeing Aircraft 10 1/2, Borden Co. 47 1/2, Canadian Pacific 12 1/2, J. I. Case 33 1/2, Chrysler 8 1/2, Colgate 47, Commercial Solvents 20 1/2, Corp. Products 70, Dupont 17 1/2, Eastman Kodak 21 1/2, Electric Light & Power 15 1/2, General Electric 36 1/2, General Motors 50 1/2, Goodrich 62 1/2, Goodyear 52 1/2, Homestake Mining 38, International Harvester 69 1/2, International Paper 47 1/2, International Tel. & Tel. 16 1/2, Johns Manville 12 1/2, Kennecott Copper 43 1/2, Montgomery Ward 42 1/2, National Distillers 21 1/2, National Lead 20 1/2, New York Central 15 1/2, Packard Motors 6 1/2, Pan-American Airways 12 1/2, Pennsylvania RR 26, Radio Corporation 9 1/2, Real Silk 1, Republic Steel 28 1/2, Reynolds Tobacco 39, Schenley 59 1/2, Sears Roebuck 37 1/2, Shell Oil 30 1/2, Socomey Vacuum 14 1/2, Southern Pacific 45 1/2, Standard Brands 38 1/2, Standard Oil of Calif. 53 1/2, Standard Oil of N.J. 65, Studebaker 20 1/2, Union Carbide 19 1/2, Union Carbide 89 1/2, U.S. Rubber 53 1/2, U.S. Steel 70 1/2, Westinghouse 22 1/2, Youngstown Sheet & Tube 63 1/2.—Associated Press.

## COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 19. After indecisive price movements in the forenoon, cotton futures market turned steady or more aggressive mill buying, along with short covering. Futures closed 80 cents to 170 a bale higher.

Dec. 31.95; March 31.21-28; May 30.49-41; July 28.92-95; Oct. 25.78 nominal; Dec. 25.34 nominal; March 24.90 nominal; Midland 20.32 nominal.—Associated Press.

## Suicide Rate In U.S. On The Increase

(By Alton L. Blakeslee)

New York, Nov. 18. Now that the war is over, more Americans are committing suicide. More people crack up in peacetime, says Dr. Louis I. Dublin, statistician and vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

The suicide rate always goes down in wartime but rises afterward. Dr. Dublin's figures show that most of the suicides are city dwellers and mostly men. There usually are 13,000 to 14,000 suicides yearly in the United States—about twice the number of homicides.

During the second world war, the suicide rate declined about 30 per cent. Dr. Dublin explained that war brings more jobs, more community consciousness and the sense of national unity and as a result people tend to forget their personal troubles.

**Readjustments**  
This wartime decline in suicide occurs in all countries. But peace time changes the picture. Reconversion eliminates jobs and personal problems become or appear greater. There are many personal readjustments, particularly for veterans.

After the first world war, the American suicide rate did not begin to rise until 1920. This time, the increase came much more quickly, indicating that the second war has had greater and deeper effects on the United States. So far, this year's suicide rate has risen about 10 per cent above the 1945 rate. The increase was mostly among urban men.

Dr. Dublin says this indicates that many suicides were veterans but the rate at present is slowing up, indicating that they are making adjustments. Dr. Dublin says suicide is characteristic of the most advanced or individual people. It is common among sophisticated city dwellers but rare among farmers and laborers. It is mostly a phenomenon of cities where stresses of life are greater.

**Complex Problem**  
A wartime survey in Detroit showed that 40 per cent of suicide attempts among men were attributed to ill health, 30 per cent to domestic difficulties and 4 per cent to love affairs. Among women, domestic troubles were the motive for 65 per cent, ill health 2 per cent and love affairs 10 per cent. Suicide attempts from love affairs were purely carried out. Dublin commented: "Suicide is and will remain a very complex problem. We can be confident that whatever we can do to help it, we will do it."

## Manchester Bus And Tram Strike

Manchester, Nov. 18. Over half a million Manchester workers had to walk or hitch-hike in pouring rain today as the city's bus and tram services came to a standstill following a lightning strike by 6,000 transport workers.

It is the biggest stoppage Manchester has experienced since the 1926 general strike. The dispute began on Saturday when 1,000 workers at one main depot struck because a driver was dismissed for alleged dangerous driving. A mass meeting of strikers was held today.—Reuter.

## Vicious Circle In Germany

Hamburg, Nov. 18. High British Military Government officials favour a six month "moratorium" on coal exports from the Ruhr.

Through mindful of the needs of other European countries who depend on Ruhr coal for the restoration of their economy, they point out that the development of the German economic crisis must be stopped before machinery and transport become virtually useless. Six months without coal exports would give the Military Government sufficient time to restore Germany's plants to a better state and would finally result in increased production. As one high official said, "You must first prime the pump." The whole of German economy is bound up in a vicious circle which can only be broken by making more coal available to German industry, he said. The Ruhr miners told Air Marshall Sir Sholto, the Commander-in-Chief on his tour of Düsseldorf on Friday that if they received more coal, they would like it to go to industry, not to the domestic market just to fill empty fireplaces.—Associated Press.

## London Stock Exchange

London, Nov. 18. The interest of the London Stock Exchange was almost entirely confined to gold mining today. Hopes of some taxation relief in South African mines encouraged Cape sentiment and the lead was soon taken up by London.

Some appreciable gains were recorded on the day. Elsewhere, goldmining led 1/16th, following some small scale selling. Industrials produced a number of small improvements but business was small. Oil was dull.

The foreign market provided one or two features, particularly among European bonds. Elsewhere, the absence of business resulted in a very uninteresting day with the markets generally quietly arm throughout.

Consols, 2 1/2%, 1945/75 99 3/16. Conversion Loan, 3 1/2%, 115 1/2. War Loan, 3 1/2%, 107 1/2. New War Loan, 3 1/2%, 108 1/2. Victory Bonds, 4 1/2%, 123 1/2. Saving Bonds, 3 1/2%, 1955/65 108 1/2. Saving Bonds, 3 1/2%, 1960/70 69 1/2. Saving Bonds, 3 1/2%, 1965/75 111 1/2. German Loan, 1 1/2% (Dawes) 10 1/2. Japanese Bonds, 5 1/2%, 1907 21 1/2. Canton-Kowloon Railway 24. Tientsin Pukow Railway, 5 1/2%. Lung-Tsing U. S. Ry. 3 1/2%. 1913 24. Reorg. Loan, 5 1/2%, 1913 (London Iss) 47 1/2. Crisp Loan, 5 1/2%, 1911 47. Huaiyang Railway, 5 1/2%. 1911 27. Honan Railway, 5 1/2%. 1905 32 1/2. Shanghai-Nanking Railway, 5 1/2%. 27 1/2. Chartered Bank of India, A. & C. 11 1/2. H.K. & Shanghai Banking Corp. 87 1/2. Lydenburg Estates, 87 1/2. South Africa Townships 24 1/2. Selection Trust 40 1/2. South African Timber 12 1/2. Canadian Pacific 17. Mexican Eagles 15 1/2.—Reuter.

## Rubber Exchange Reopens

London, Nov. 19. The London Rubber Exchange, closed during the war, reopened yesterday with Government permission, but dealing was confined to futures since traders are not permitted to import rubber until January 1.

The London exchange handled the bulk of world rubber trading in the days before Government bulk purchasing. Private international trading in wool, fur, coffee, beetles, quicksilver and to some extent, sugar is now permitted, but the reopening of the Liverpool cotton market has been ruled out and the London metal exchange remains closed.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 19. The Treasury position on Nov. 14, compared with the corresponding date last year, was: Debt: \$262,029,744,477.61 and \$263,273,232,857.71; Gold assets: \$20,419,087,976.30 and \$20,063,053,772.40.—Associated Press.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES "GLENAPP"

Damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be surveyed at Holt's Wharf between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 noon on 21st and 22nd November 1946 and consignees representatives are requested to be present during the survey.

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.**  
Hongkong, 20th Nov. 1946.

## JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN N.V.

King's Building, Connaught Road, Tel: Shipping Dept. 28016. Passage Dept. 28017. Chinese Agents, Connaught Road, C. No. 82, Tel. 25133.

Ship	From	Sailing for
m.s. "TISADANE"	Java/Batavia	Amoy Dec. 1st
m.s. "TUBADAK"	Java Mid Dec.	Swatow/Amoy
m.s. "TUTALENGKA"	Java Mid Dec.	Amoy/Shanghai

## ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO., LTD. (DELI STRAITS CHINA LINE).

Ship	From	Sailing for
m.s. "VAN HEUTS"	Batavia/Deli/Penang	Swatow/Amoy 22nd Nov.

## (ORIENT JAVA AFRICA LINE).

Ship	From	Sailing for
m.s. "STRAAT SOENDA"	Singapore early Dec.	Singapore/Batavia, Durban, Capetown, Buenos Aires, Santos, Rio de Janeiro, etc. (if permitted)

## SILVER LINE, LTD.

Ship	From	Sailing for
m.s. "SILVERTEAR"	U.S. Atlantic & Pacific	Fora via Shanghai 27th Nov.

## HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

Ship	From	Sailing for
m.s. "PHILAE"	Rotterdam/Antwerp/Geneva/Port Said/Suez/Aden/Bombay/Calcutta/Colombo/Canton/Hongkong/Shanghai	Shanghai/Singapore/Colombo/Port Said/Antwerp/Rotterdam/Bombay/Calcutta/Colombo/Hongkong/Shanghai

## JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT  
16 Pedder Street  
Tel. 50311.

**General Managers.**  
**INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.**

**SAILINGS**

S.S. "TAKSANG" (No passengers) to Singapore 20th Nov.  
S.S. "WINGSANG" to Shanghai 21st Nov.  
S.S. "HINSANG" to Sandakan 22nd Nov.  
S.S. "WOSANG" to Keelung & Shanghai 25th Nov.  
S.S. "KWAISANG" to Shanghai & Tientsin 27th Nov.

**ARRIVALS**

S.S. "HINSANG" from Shanghai 20th Nov.  
S.S. "WOSANG" from Bangkok via Saigon 23rd Nov.  
S.S. "KWAISANG" from Sandakan 24th Nov.

**IN PORT**

S.S. "EMPIRE WITHAM" alongside Cosmo Dock.  
S.S. "TAKSANG" Buoy B.S.  
S.S. "WINGSANG" Custodian Wharf.

Subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

**Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.**

M.V. "GLENSTRAE" Discharging Kowloon No. 1.  
M.V. "GLENAPP" Loads for U.K., Rotterdam Antwerp Amsterdam—Mid Dec.

**Managing Agents:**  
**AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE**

M.V. NEWBROUGH Discharging Kowloon No. 1.  
M.V. KAFIRISTAN due from Australia about 11th Dec.  
M.V. DAGHESTAN due from Australia 11th Dec.

**Agents: THE WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIPS LTD.**

S.S. "LAKE NIPIGON" due from Vancouver/Shanghai 22nd Nov.  
loads for Vancouver 24th Nov.

**Agents: MANILA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.**

T.S.S. "MAYON" Accepts Cargo and Passengers for Manila  
Sailing about 26th Nov

## Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co.

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"SAMADANG"	Bombay via Kure	24th November
"SAMLAMU"	Bombay	25th November
"GLENIFFER"	U.K.	29th November
"TREVAYLOR"	U.K.	30th November
"ARUNDEL CASTLE"	U.K.	3rd December
"TINGSANG"	Bombay	5th December
"TREVAN"	U.K.	December
"RENALDER"	U.K.	December

SHIP	LOADS FOR	READY
"SAMADANG"	Singapore, Penang & Bombay	26th November
"TREVETHOE"	Straits & U.K.	25th November
"ARUNDEL CASTLE"	U.K.	End December
"TREVAYLOR"	(Passengers only) U.K.	End December

\*Accepts cargo for Persian Gulf  
\*Accepts cargo for London, Antwerp & Rotterdam.

## British India S. N. Co., Ltd.

SHIP	FOR	SAILS
"RAJULA"	Singapore & Calcutta	Early December

(Passengers only)

## Eastern & Australian S.S. Co., Ltd.

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"RAYNELLA"	Bahau	Mid December

SHIP	LOADS FOR	READY
"NELLORE"	Australia	Early January

For full particulars apply to  
**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**  
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

## PRINCE LINE

U.S.A.—FAR EAST—HALIFAX—BOSTON—NEW YORK

M.V. "SCOTTISH PRINCE" DUE 20th NOV.  
Loads for DAVAO, Singapore and U.S.A. Atlantic Ports about End November.

**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.**  
Tel. 50311  
Chinese Freight Agents:—CHEONG FAT CO.  
Telephone 20037.

## SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

**M.V. "NAGARA"**  
loading for  
Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Lisbon, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Copenhagen, Oslo & Gothenburg.

Also accept cargo for Persian Gulf

**27th November**  
For further particulars, apply to:-  
**GILMAN & CO., LTD.**  
Agents.

4A, Des Voeux Road, C. Telephone 27371.



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## Battle Of The Med. In UNO Committee

New York, Nov. 19. Russia yesterday reopened the "battle of the Mediterranean" in the United Nations trusteeship subcommittee by demanding immediate discussion on the transfer and administration of trust territories from individual nations to direct United Nations trusteeship.

## Heart Surgeon's Forecast

Cleveland, Nov. 17. Dr. Claude S. Beck, who in 1935 performed the first successful operation directly on the heart to relieve angina pectoris, says the time is coming when heart surgeons will be able to stop and operate on the heart while keeping the brain alive with oxygenated blood.

Dr. Beck, Associate Surgeon at University Hospitals and Professor of Neurosurgery at Western Reserve University's medical school, also saw the possibility that surgeons would be able to look inside the blood vessels and see their condition, with the aid of an instrument as yet nonexistent.

Such an instrument, he said, might be a light with a series of lenses which could be put down the jugular vein and pushed into the ventricle. This approach, he added, would enable surgeons to perform operations revolutionizing the treatment of cardiovascular diseases.

"The cardiovascular work of the future will require vivid, surgical imagination and hard work through research," Dr. Beck continued.

"It will not be the medicine of the past. The medical men studying the heart will by indirect methods—the stethoscopes, the fluoroscope, the cardiogram, I believe we are arriving at the point where we can use direct approach and look inside the heart and blood vessels."

In his notable operation for angina pectoris, caused by the hardening and closing of two small arteries which furnish blood to the heart muscle, Dr. Beck cut the pectoral muscle and attached it to the heart wall to increase the blood supply.—Associated Press.

## "TIME" dated October 28, 1946

and the NOVEMBER ISSUE

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## RATIONING TO CONTINUE

London, Nov. 19. Indications that food rationing in Britain will continue for at least another year and a half came today from Food Minister John Strachey. He told a questioner in the House of Commons that ration books to July 1948 were being printed.—Associated Press.

## Labour's Bid In New Zealand

(By J. A. Young)

Wellington, N.Z., Nov. 17.

The nationalisation bill will be the prime question of 1,000,000 New Zealand voters in the November 27 Parliamentary elections.

The Labour Party is seeking to continue control of the Government it has held for 11 years. Much of Labour's legislation has received tacit approval of the National Party, the official Opposition. This involves Labour's social security programme, which provides pensions, free hospital and medical treatment and free medicine. A tax of 1s. 6d. on every pound of income provides roughly half of the money needed to finance the programme.

The National Party, however, firmly opposes Labour's nationalisation policy. The Nationalists claim that private enterprise can do a better job.

Labour already has nationalised the Bank of New Zealand and announced plans to nationalise coalmines. The Government owns all hydro-electric plants. Housing also is to be an election issue.

Labour spokesmen have announced the continuation of the programme of building houses by Government as swiftly as materials become available. These houses remain State property. They are rented for a little as 17 New Zealand shillings weekly.

The National Party promises to sell State-owned houses to tenants. The National Party is pledged to mobilise the country's resources into the housing shortage is overcome.

Leading Labour's bid to retain power are 63-year-old Prime Minister Peter Fraser and Finance Minister Walter Nash, formerly New Zealand's Minister in the United States.

The National Party leader is Sydney George Holland, veteran of the first World War and partner with his brother in an engineering firm. Holland advocates profit-sharing in industry as a means of improving employer-worker relationships.

Almost 200 candidates—almost half of them ex-servicemen—are in the field for 60 Parliamentary seats. The major parties have candidates for every seat. The remaining candidates are divided between the Independents, Communists and Democratic Labour.

Representatives—including four Maoris—will be elected for three-year terms.—Associated Press.

## CLUB RUGGER TEAM

The following will represent Hong Kong Football Club in a friendly rugby game against N.M.S. Tamar today on Cluo ground at 5.20 p.m.: P. S. Ingham; S. E. P. Lewis; P. A. Weller; C. Brown; I. McNay; H. J. S. Muriel; C. Bareley; M. N. Speyer; N. L. Meffam; J. S. Colchester; E. J. Brown; N. Waig; C. D. Sloas; D. Hackett; A. G. Dalziel.

## LONDOS WINS

Sydney, Nov. 18. Jimmie Londos, recognized world heavyweight wrestling champion, defeated the American Negro, Scottie Samra, at the Sydney Stadium by one fall to nil.

Londos gained the fall in the fifth round with a series of Boston Crabbs. Samra came out for the sixth round, but was at Londos's mercy and the referee stopped the contest.—Reuter.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEENE, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

## SPORTS SECTION

## Tykes' Partnership At Sydney

Sydney, Nov. 19. The match between New South Wales and the M.C.C. tourists was drawn here today with the advantage, if any can be claimed in a game which saw only about six hours play during four days, with the tourists.

After two blank days which followed New South Wales scoring 97 for four, today's weather was fine but the game was unable to be resumed until after lunch as a storm during the night resulted in water dripping through the covers.

Several hours of intensive work by the ground staff in drying out the wicket allowed resumption after lunch and having taken their total to 105 without further loss, New South Wales innings was declared closed after 13 minutes batting.

Morris carried his bat for 81, emphasising his claim as Australia's opening batsman. In about two and a half hours after tea, taken at the declaration, the M.C.C. scored 156 for the loss of two wickets. Their innings suffered a 20 minutes interruption through rain or they might well have gained a first innings lead.

## Hutton's Innings

With nothing at stake, the Maryleboneers could afford to take risks but they certainly showed no fear for Lindvall and Toshack, two bowlers who are expected to serve Australia in the Test.

Washbrook cut at a rising ball to lose his wicket for 13 when the score was at 33 but Hutton hitting out manfully went rapidly towards the hundred, giving two difficult chances on the way until at 97 he was run out.

Compton, the next man in, had little time to open out before time expired.

## Superb Display

Len Hutton rewarded the 9,000 spectators for their enthusiasm in patronising the closing stages of the rain-rained match.

He sought his runs eagerly and his placing was superb when moving into a comfortable position to execute a strong on drive or a forcing shot between square leg and mid-on, though he offered two difficult chances off Toshack.

His off driving and his through covers were a sheer joy to watch. He was run out in the last over of the match when trying to snatch a single.

Hutton has now dispelled the opinions held by many Australians that he is solely a defensive player.

Washbrook produced a few glorious hooks and looked safe until taken in the slips.

Score: Len Hutton, run out 97; C. Washbrook, c. Greaves, b. Lindvall 13; P. A. Gibbs, not out 37; D. Compton, not out 1; Extras 8.

Total (for 4 decl.) 165.—Reuter.

## M.C.C.—First Innings

L. Hutton, run out 97; C. Washbrook, c. Greaves, b. Lindvall 13; P. A. Gibbs, not out 37; D. Compton, not out 1; Extras 8.

Total (for two) 156.—Reuter.

## PHILLIP HARMAN LEAVING

Mr. Phillip Harman, Partner of Messrs. D'Almeida, Harman & Passaro, Holland House, who is the well known American International Tennis star, is leaving today on the Joplin Victory for the United States on business for his firm and is expected to return to Hong Kong sometime in January, 1947. Upon Mr. Harman's return to Hong Kong it is planned to stage the first big post-war tennis exhibition matches in which Mr. W. C. Choy, the Chinese Davis Cup player, will participate.

## HOCKEY FIXTURES WANTED

The Telcom Club would appreciate Hockey fixtures on Tuesdays and Friday after 6 p.m.

Secretaries of Hockey teams interested are requested to kindly write to the Secretary, Telcom Club c/o Cable & Wireless Ltd., 2nd floor, G.P.O., or phone 29935, Extension 6.

## F.A. Cup Draw

London, Nov. 18. The draw for the first round of the Football Association Cup, being played on Saturday, November 30:

Oldham v. Tranmere. Barrow v. Halifax Town. Carlisle v. Runcorn. Hull v. New Brighton. Hartlepool v. North Shields or Ashington. Stockport v. Southport. North City v. Scunthorpe. Stockton v. Lincoln City. South Liverpool or Banger City v. Workington. Rotherham v. Crewe. Rochdale v. Bishop Auckland. Yorkshire Amateurs or Gainsborough v. Darlington. Gateshead v. Bradford City. Wrexham v. Marine (Crosby). Lancaster v. Spennymoor. Doncaster v. Accrington. Reading v. Colchester.

Aldershot v. Cheltenham or Hereford. Bournemouth v. Exeter. Queens P.R. v. Poole. Ipswich v. Torquay. Brush Sports v. Southend. Merthyr v. Bristol Rovers. Yeovil v. Petersborough. Norwich v. Brighton. Leytonstone v. Walsall. Swindon v. Cambridge. Bournemouth v. Exeter. Queens P.R. v. Poole.

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## Oxford XV May Be Finest Ever

(From J. P. Jordan)

Oxford, Nov. 19. Peace and combination of the first quality formed the keynote of Oxford's runaway victory at Ilfield today by eight goals, a dropped goal and three tries (53 pts), without reply. The Irishmen had their share of the ball from the tight scrums, but they were leaden footed compared to the university, and when, as now and again happened, Orr broke through in mid-field no one was up to take the scoring pass.

Without a question, Oxford gave promise of finishing down to one of the finest teams that have ever represented them at Twickenham by the time the university match is due to be played. Rough edges there are, and their first-time tackling is still not sure enough.

But with five weeks still to go, plenty of time remains for the polish to be applied for the high tackling to be eliminated, and for the covering in defence to be tightened up.

Orgy Of Scoring In a long experience I cannot remember such an orgy of scoring as Oxford indulged in. Curiously enough, the early phases did not suggest that they would have built up a game played at a cracking pace in brilliant sunshine.

In fact, only a devastating tackle by Newman prevented an Irish try after Lumley had cut through, and a kick ahead by J. D. Henry also came within inches of causing an Oxford disaster. Suddenly, however, the university were galvanised into life. Appropriately enough it was their captain, Newton-Thompson, who provided the stimulus.

Slipping away on the blind side he sent the ever-vigilant van Ryneveld in for the first try and in the next 10 minutes Oxford had won the match. Stewart, Bayan and Swarbrick added tries Newman kicking three goals, and before a half-time Donnelly's dummy brought him a try.

Brilliant Team Work Afterwards tries followed from Swarbrick, Bridge, Wilson, Sutton, Travers and Bridge.

Football In U.S. New York, Nov. 18. College Football: St. Mary's 28 Santa Clara 19, University of Detroit 33 St. Louis University 14.

National Professional League: Los Angeles Rams 17 Chicago Bears 20, Pittsburgh Steelers 16 Philadelphia Eagles 6, Boston Yanks 23 New York Giants 26 (tie), Greenbay Packers 9 Detroit Lions 9.

All American League: Los Angeles Dons 19 Brooklyn Rangers 14, Cleveland Browns 51 Chicago Rockets 14, New York Yankees 10 San Francisco Forty Niners 9.

Standings: American Conferences Western Division Team Won Lost Tie Cleveland 9 2 0 Los Angeles 5 4 1 San Francisco 5 5 0 Chicago 4 5 2

Eastern Division New York 8 2 1 Brooklyn 6 6 1 Buffalo 3 7 1 Miami 1 8 0

—Associated Press.

St. George's Bowls Teams The following have been selected to represent Hong Kong St. George's Society in the annual lawn bowls match against Hong Kong St. Andrew's Society at the Kowloon Bowling Green Club on Saturday, next, commencing at 3.15 p.m. sharp.

1. V. C. Labrum. 2. H. B. L. Dowling. 3. J. G. McGowan. 4. A. L. G. Eastman. 5. R. C. Butler. 6. L. R. Whant. 7. J. S. Howell. 8. H. P. Shields. 9. C. Gough. 10. M. N. Rakusen.

Skip: M. N. Rakusen. 1. R. P. Phillips. 2. G. E. F. Thompson. 3. A. Brookbank. 4. J. F. McGowan. 5. W. C. Simmonds. 6. F. C. Clemo. 7. V. H. Chittenden. 8. S. P. Handie. 9. E. P. Fong. 10. T. Colman. Skip: L. Sykes.

There will be three races at Kowloon next week-end. A Sweepstake race on Saturday and Sunday at half past two and the 8th in the Helmsman's Cup series on Sunday morning at 10.30.

Members and their friends are welcome and are reminded that the boat transport leaves for Kowloon at the following times:— SATURDAY: Leaving Kowloon Star Ferry at 1.30 p.m., Queen's Pier at 1.45 p.m., returning from Kowloon at 6.00 p.m. SUNDAY: Leaving Kowloon at 9.45 a.m. & 1.45 p.m., Queen's Pier at 10.30 a.m. & 1.45 p.m., returning from Kowloon at 5.00 p.m. & 6.00 p.m.

Australian Test Team Sydney, Nov. 19. The Australian selection team has picked the following twelve players from whom the team for the first Test against England, beginning in Brisbane on November 29, will be chosen.

Dan Bradman, Sid Barnes, Lindsay Hassett, Ray Lindwall, Ian Johnson, Colin McCool, Ken Maclearen, Keith Miller, Arthur Morris, Don Tallon, Ernie Toshack and George Tribe.

The captain will be chosen tomorrow, the vice-captain the day after that and the twelfth man on the morning of the match.